



Methods for Thermal Runaway Validation of Aviation Batteries

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Methods for Thermal Runaway Validation of Aviation Batteries

Outline

- Introduction to thermal runaway and battery fires
- Thermal Runaway Analysis Methodology
- Samsung 30Q Results
 - Cell
 - Module
- Eagle Picher: Standard Flammability versus Reduced Flammability Electrolyte
 - Cell
 - Module
- Summary

Thermal Runaway Introduction

- Thermal runaway is the point at which heat generated by a battery, either due to charging or discharging, becomes uncontrollable
- Thermal runaway will lead to either permanent battery damage or total cellular destruction and large energy release
- Energy release during thermal runaway includes both the chemical potential of the battery electrolyte and the "joule" heat stored in the cell electrically

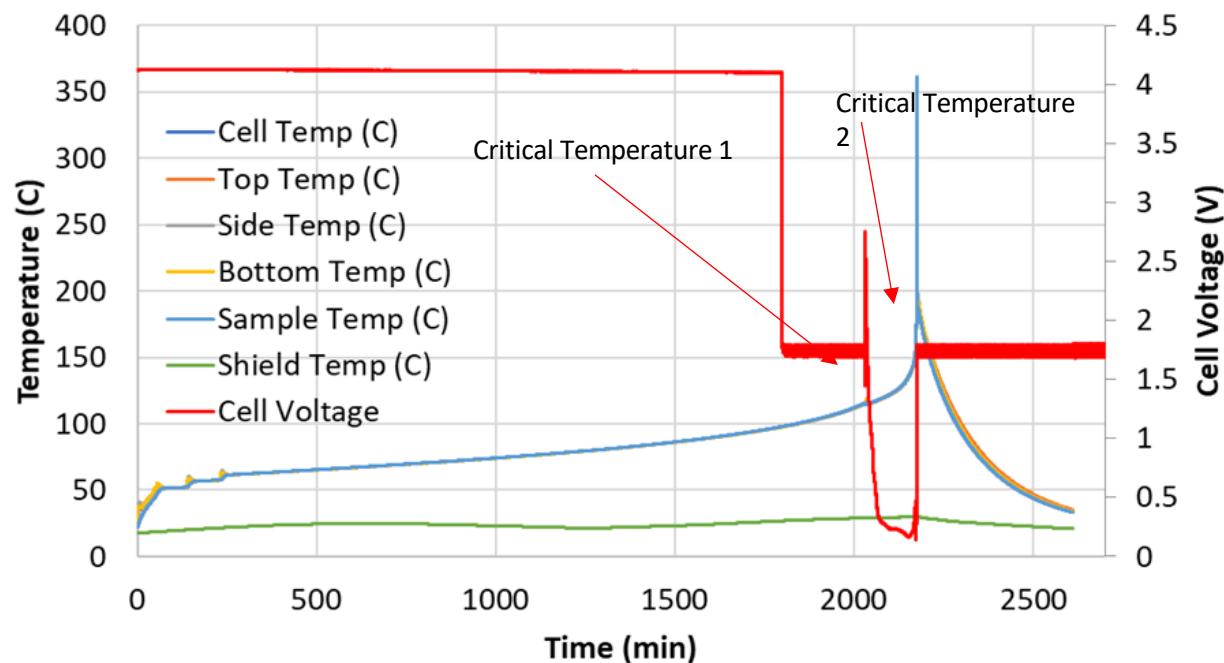


Thermal Runaway Introduction

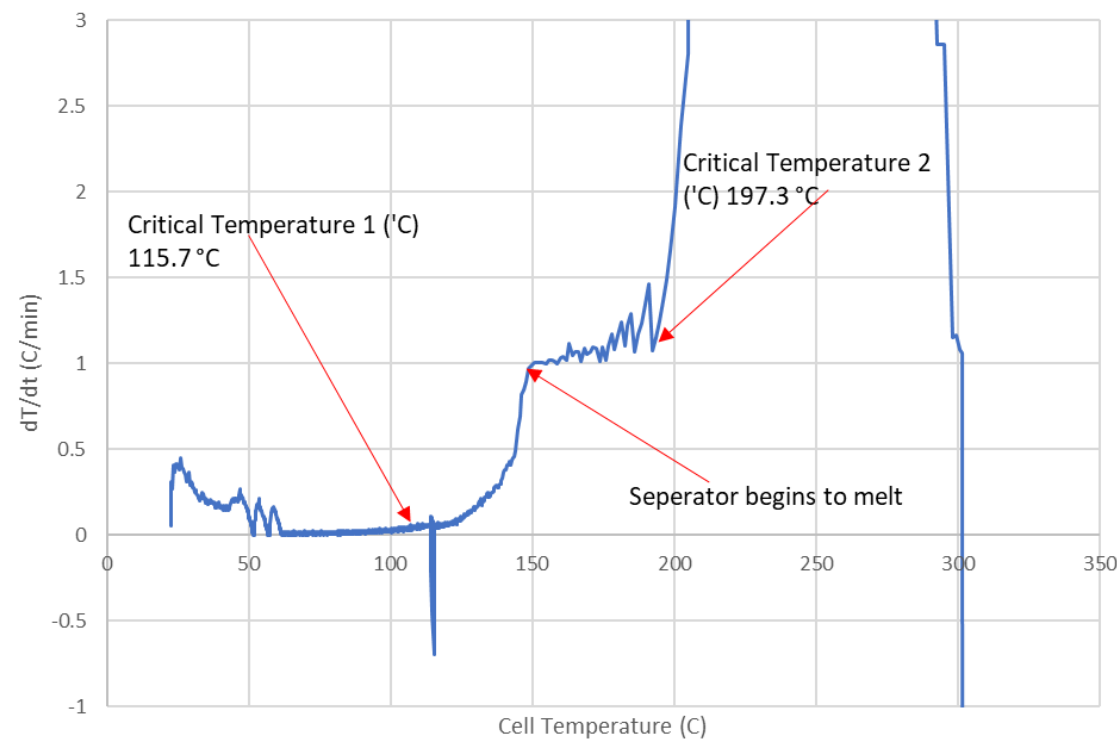


Thermal Runaway Mechanisms

Cell Temperature & Voltage vs Time



Temperature vs dT/dt



Critical Temp 1: Solid Electrolyte Interface Decomposition

Critical Temp 2: Full Thermal Runaway Event

Samsung Cell Results

Results from 10- TR test on Samsung 30Q cells

	Maximum Temperature (°C)	Initiation Temperature (°C)	Energy Released (kJ)	Mass Lost (gm)	Jellyroll Ejection
Cell 1	377.3	200.9	14.0	31.8	No
Cell 2	358.0	188.9	13.2	26.4	No
Cell 3	400.5	194.8	30.0	37.0	Yes
Cell 4	302.7	197.3	22.1	37.1	Yes
Cell 5	428.4	194.1	32.2	36.6	Yes
Cell 6	462.7	187.7	34.3	32.4	No
Cell 7	410.1	195.8	30.8	36.8	Yes
Cell 8	325.8	201.4	23.9	33.7	No
Cell 9	325.3	190.3	23.8	25.9	No
Cell 10	355.1	201.9	26.2	33.2	No
Average	374.6	195.3	25.1	33.1	
Standard Dev.	50.8	5.2	7.2	4.2	

High variability in:

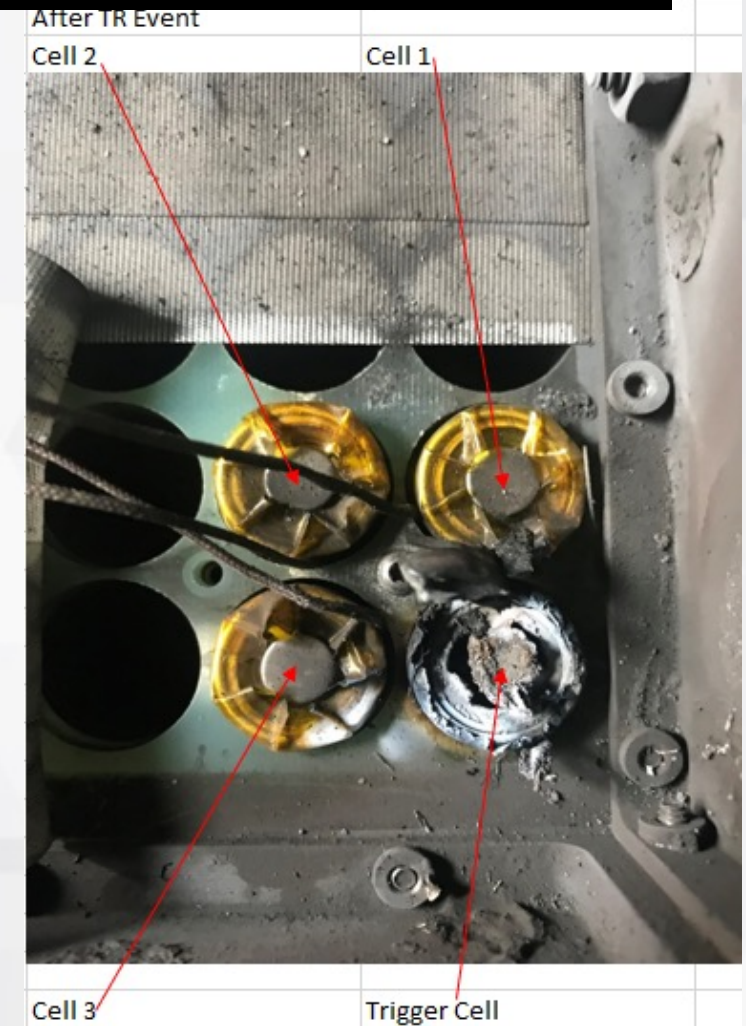
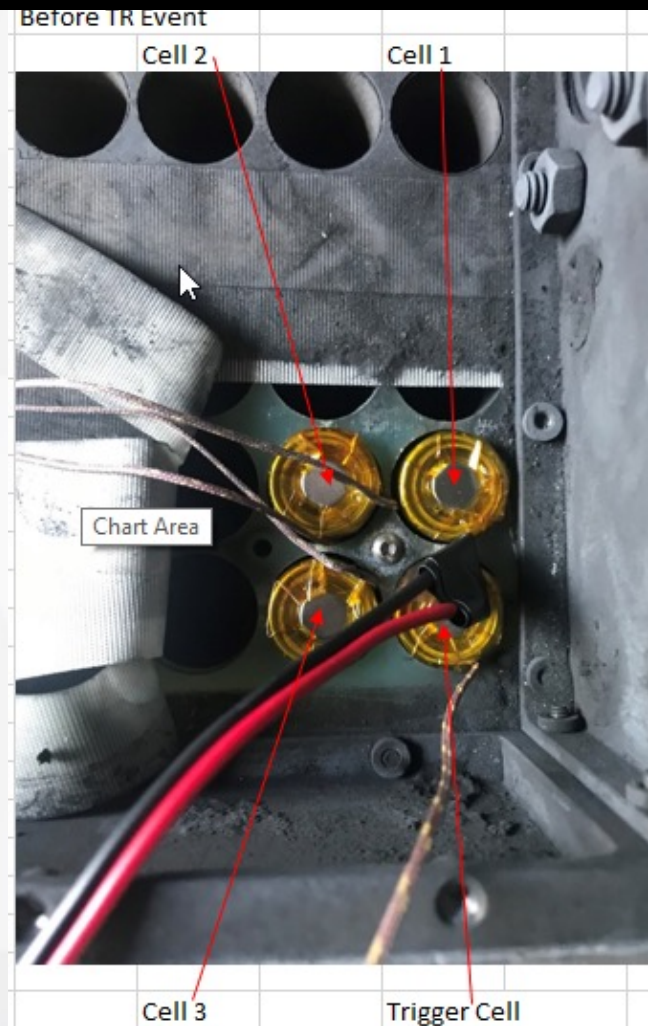
- Max Temperature, Energy Released, and Mass Lost

Samsung Cell Results



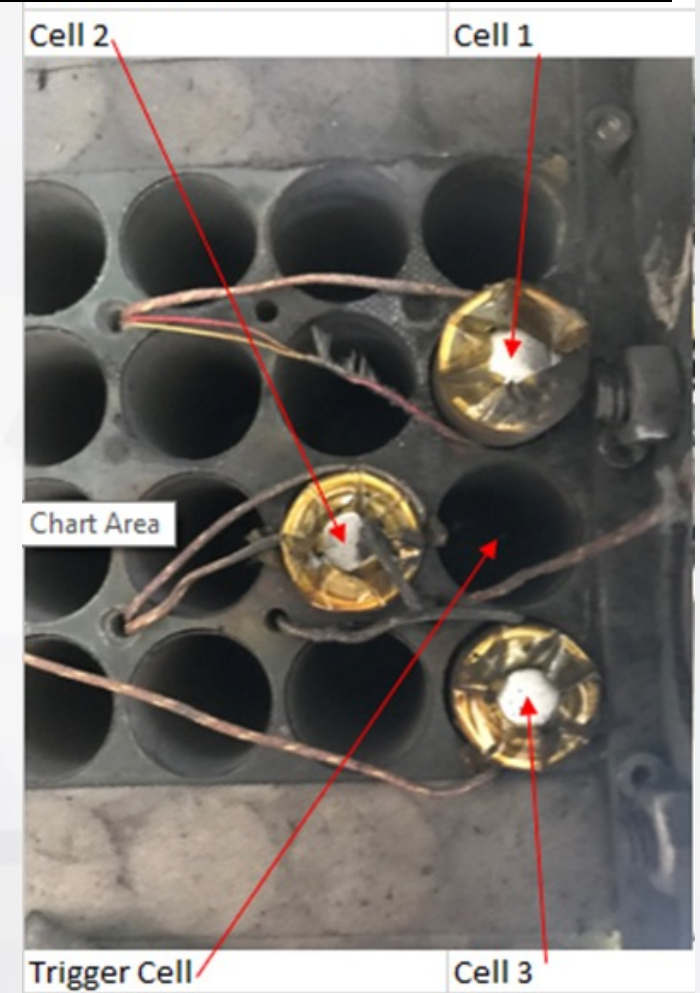
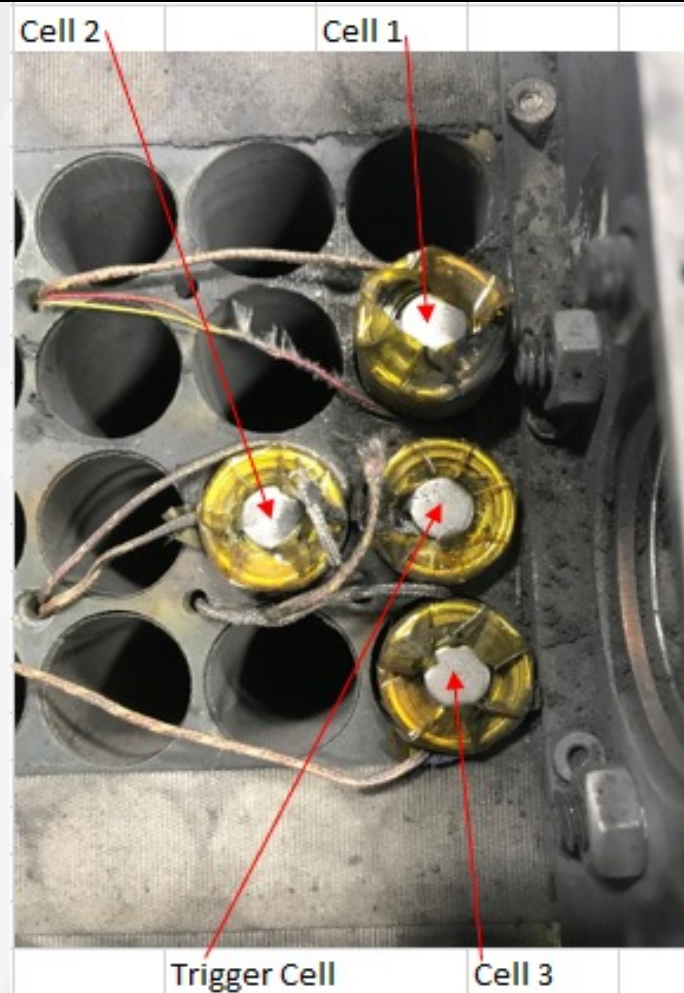
Samsung Cell Results

- Corner
- No cell-to-cell
Propagation Occurred



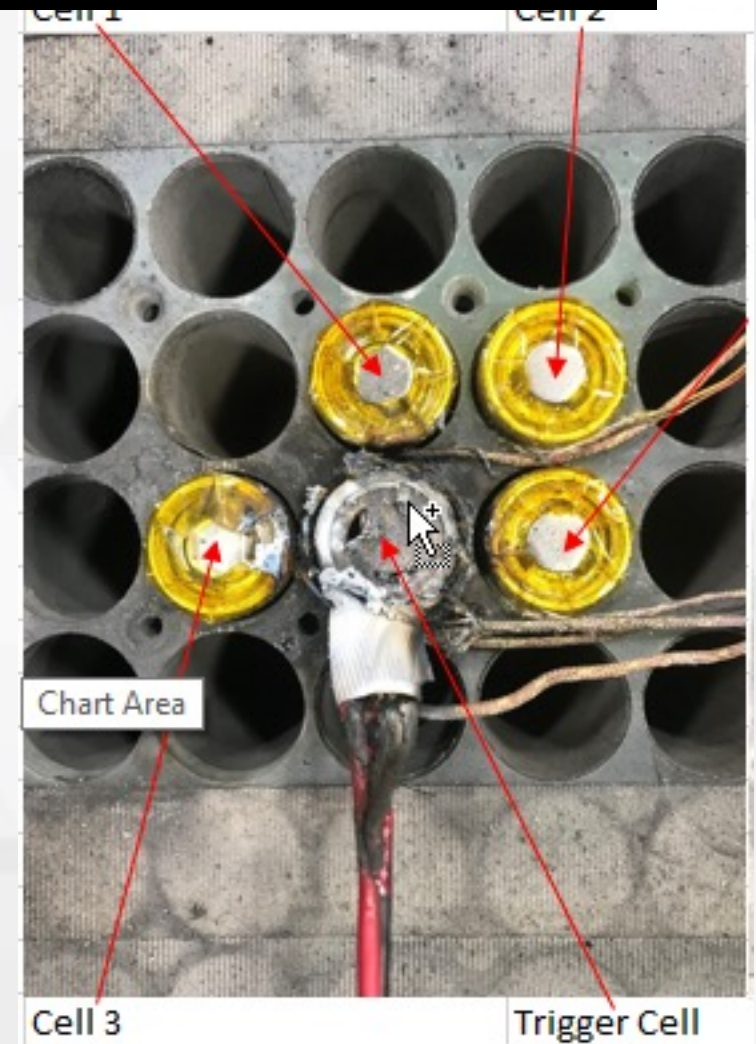
Samsung Cell Results

- Side
- No cell-to-cell Propagation Occurred
- Cell was ejected



Samsung Cell Results

- Center
- No cell-to-cell
Propagation Occurred



Module Protection

Past module performance shows containment of TR

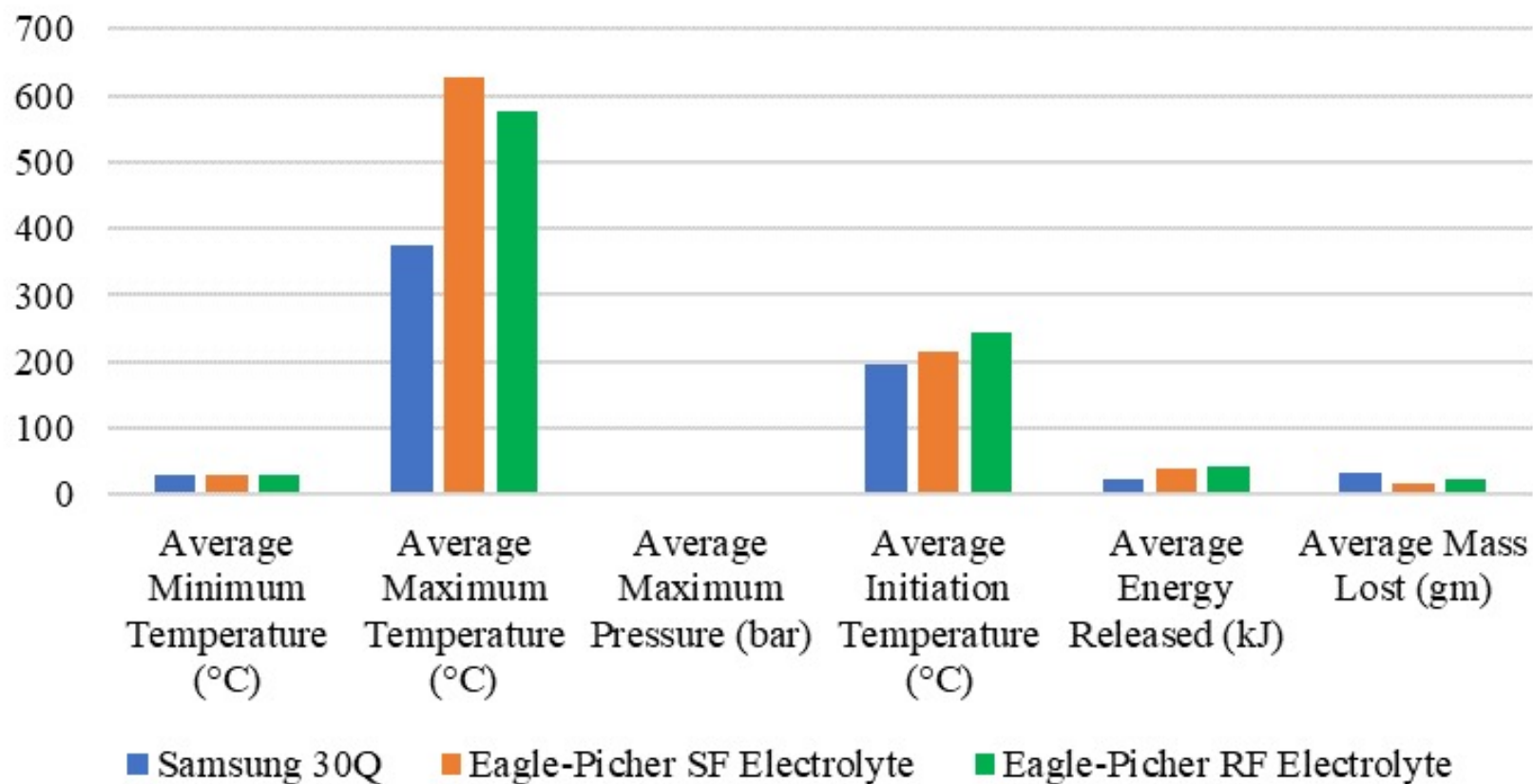


Mitigation Strategies

- In addition to the Samsung 30Q cells, additional cells from Eagle Picher were also tested for TR response.
 - Standard Flammability Electrolyte
 - Reduced Flammability Electrolyte
- These cells followed the same cell and module level testing as the Samsung 30Q cells.

Reduced Flammability Electrolyte

Samsung and Eagle-Picher Summary



Reduced Flammability Electrolyte

- On average the RF cells showed ~50°C lower Max TR Temperature versus the SF cells.
- At the module level the RF cells showed ~104°C lower Max TR temperature versus the SF cells.
- Cell TR testing impacts module design
- Module level TR testing impacts system design considerations
- Scale testing is informative at all levels

Acknowledgments

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Questions?
